

# BusinessPlus+ Newsletter



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## Issue – August 2023

Researched & Compiled by Lyall Bear – Business & Family Business Advisor

### Addressing Business Margin Challenges

How factors are coming together to squeeze margins across Australia's economy, and why it matters to think about your short- and long-term responses.



#### Margin compression risks

- Declining gross margin as **COGS skyrocket**
- Rapidly **increasing labor, energy, input costs**
- Risk of customers **down-trading to lower-margin SKUs** as prices rise



#### Cash flow risks

- Difficult **cash allocation decisions** amid challenging, fluid circumstances
- **Increased w/c and capex** needs given inputs, labor, supply chain constraints, and lingering impact of Covid-19
- More expensive to refinance debt with **rising interest rates**
- **Customers and suppliers** seeking to re-negotiate terms, and heightened credit risks given **tightening liquidity**



#### Topline growth risks

- **Erosion of customer perception** if price increases are too aggressive
- **Customer churn** for price sensitive customers
- **Decline in NPS and share of wallet** if cost-cutting or labor shortages impact customer experience
- **Lost sales and deteriorating NPS** if product availability suffers



A stock-keeping unit (**SKU**) is a scannable bar code, most often seen printed on product labels in a retail store. The label allows vendors to automatically track the movement of inventory.

### Macro-Economic Changes Are Driving Margin Compression

With apologies for stating the obvious, the Australian macroeconomic picture is challenging. Rising costs, without accompanying or insufficient revenue increases, are creating margin compression for many businesses.

*“Uncertainty reigns in market commentaries and half year result presentations”*

However, what is less obvious, is that approaches to margin management have come a long way since the GFC, our greatest economic challenge in living memory. As leaders you have far more options to manage your short-term cost profile in a manner that is consistent with your longer-term aspirations. There are now better thinking frameworks for the challenge, better methods, and better tools.

For instance, we have the wisdom of “anti-fragility”, where organisations can use the pressure they are under not just to survive, but to become fundamentally stronger. We have new process and role design tools, with technological support, that help us take out waste. Furthermore, we have intelligent software agents becoming increasingly available, and they are not just ChatGPT (as impressive as that is).

## Understanding Different Business Margins

Profit margins are essential when evaluating profitability. Gross, operating and net profit margins contribute to a company's financial statements and showcase efficiency with cash flow. Improving these profitability metrics can benefit a range of business processes that support growth and development.

**Gross profit margin:** The gross profit margin is the profit value of all sales less the cost of goods/services sold (COGS). For example, if a business generates \$2,000,000 in sales revenue and has \$1,200,000 in COGS (including direct labour), then gross profit is \$800,000 giving a gross profit margin of 40%.

**Operating margin:** The operating margin results from the operating profit, which is the amount you get from subtracting operational expenses and COGS from sales revenue. For instance, if you have a sales revenue of \$2,000,000 and operational expenses (\$450,000) and COGS (\$1,200,000), then the operating profit is \$350,000 and gives an operating margin of 17.5%.

**Net profit margin:** The net profit margin is the operating profit, less company tax and interest on business debt. For example, if operating profit is \$350,000 and company tax and interest total \$200,000, this gives you a net operating profit of \$150,000 – a net profit margin of 7.5%.

## Why Is Profit Margin Important?

Each profit margin is important for evaluating a range of processes within a business. Consider several applications for which profit margin is important:

**Evaluating cash efficiency:** Profit margins are essential when evaluating cash flow efficiency. Businesses often use profit margins to understand the efficiency of reinvestments back into business activities.

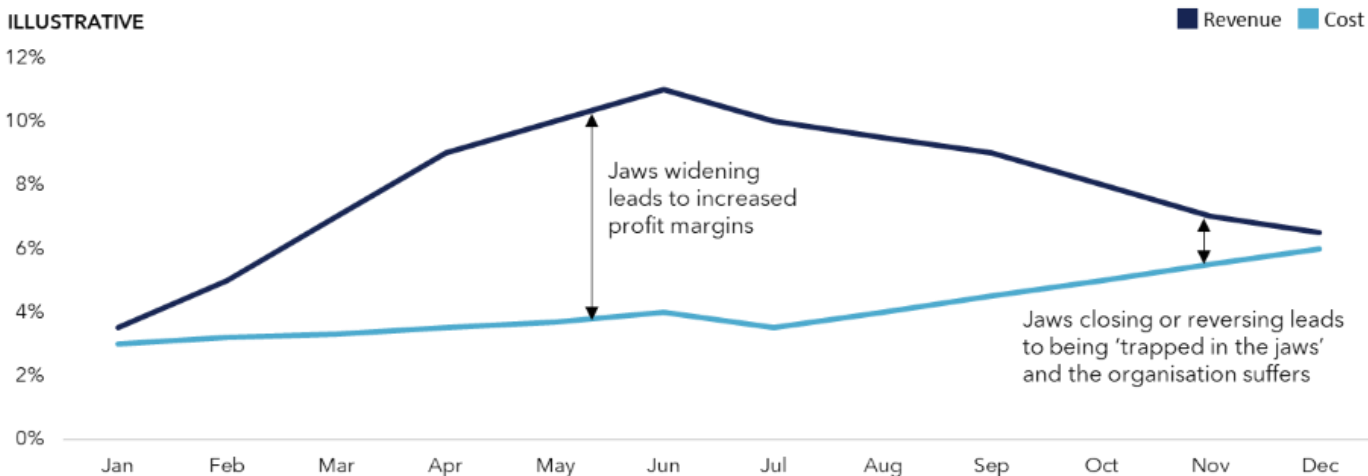
**Estimating financial health:** The profit margin is also important for evaluating the overall financial position of a company. For instance, a company may analyse its profit margins to determine how its profitability affects its financial standing in its industry.

**Providing insight into productivity:** The profit margin can also be an important indicator of business productivity – particularly by using gross profit margin (where direct labour costs are included in calculating COGS). Operational processes, customer service and sales activities all support revenue generation, so tracking marginal rates can help improve productivity in these areas.

**Supporting decision-making:** Businesses also use profit margin values and other financial metrics to assist in making important decisions. Budgeting, resource allocation and investment activities are several metrics you can analyse along with profit margins to make cost-saving decisions.

## The Pressure to Adapt Is Real and Building

Margin Jaws, revenue growth vs cost growth, % change



Many CEOs report that their organisations are already adjusting course in reaction to the closing of the margin jaws. Early cost-cutting interventions may include aggressive inventory management, reduction of discretionary spending, and adjustment of service levels. Some organisations are acting to directly reduce staffing costs via recruitment freezes, salary cuts and suspension of bonuses, or even emergency redundancies. In the medium term, more sustained cost reductions may be sought through geographic consolidation, rapid restructuring, channel-switching, or changes to asset ownership and utilisation models, amongst other approaches.

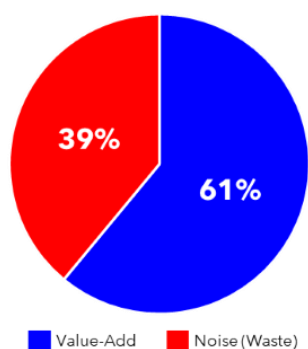
**Rapid, disruptive change does not come without risks** – and these risks can run deep. Reactive changes to structure and business processes, focused on short-term cost-cutting, can create the sort of challenges seen in the illustration below.



Many good ideas, and the resulting well-intentioned change initiatives, fail to achieve the desired results due to poor execution – and these failures may leave your organisation worse off than where it started. This begs the question, if your organisation must change, but executing the obvious changes in isolation are likely to be problematic, what are the changes that *can* steer you through these turbulent waters – without capsizing the boat?

**Reducing Costs Now, With A Longer-Term Benefit**

Long term average waste levels



Source: Bevington Group

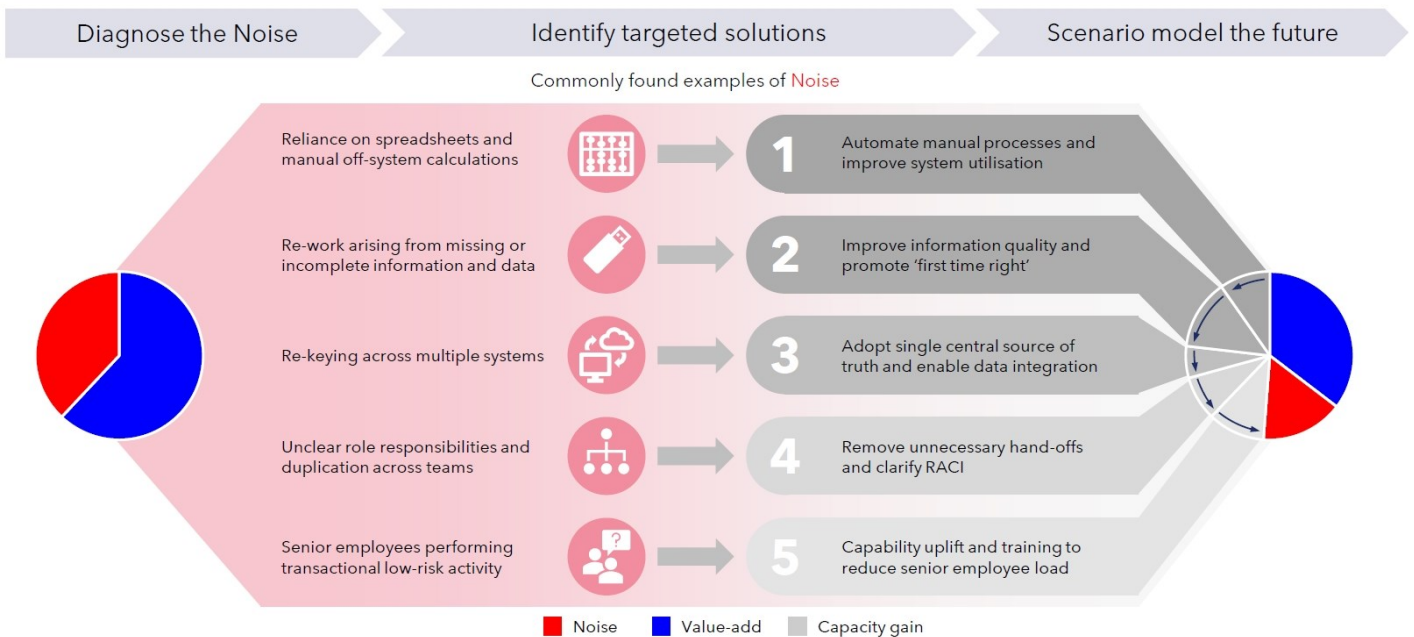
Most enterprises have substantial internal “**Noise**” – activities that do not add value or contribute to the organisation’s mission. Across industries, this waste absorbs effort at an average of 39% of organisational FTE. Removing this waste can reduce FTE requirements without adding pressure to workloads, because the idea is to remove the non-value adding work. The benefits are real for your organisation, your employees, and your customers, who can experience the benefit of more streamlined processes.

***“Eliminating internal Noise is not just about cutting costs, it’s about unlocking the untapped potential of your people and processes.”***

By targeting waste, you can contain the execution risks that come with rapid cost-cutting initiatives. Your people know what the problems are, as they are the ones experiencing them day-to-day. If you recruit them to isolate and excise the noise, you gain

their insight and simultaneously empower them with the opportunity to reduce their operational frustrations, while increasing productivity.

## Reducing inherent waste is a common way to reduce staffing pressures



A RACI chart (or matrix), is a type of responsibility assignment matrix in project management – *Responsible, Accountable, Consulted, Informed (RACI)*  
**Source:** Bevington Group

**XeP3** is a cloud based, productivity improvement tool which helps organisations to quantify and eliminate their process waste. XeP3 is designed to transform complex processes, facilitate enterprise-wide process re-engineering and organise change management programs.

Change is disruptive. A distinct advantage of XeP3 is that it allows you to minimise the change impact on everyday business operations. Giving you unrivalled data to rebuild your process and Operating Model, simply and easily, brick-by-brick. XeP3 quantifies the size of opportunity for capacity creation through change, allowing you to model and execute your transformation with accuracy and assurance.

## XEP3 ENTERPRISE TRANSFORMATION TOOL Who is it for?



### But What About the Long-Term?

While you may need to react quickly and tactically to the current environment to remain sustainable, at some point in the future the macroeconomic outlook will be more positive, and you want to position yourself to take advantage of this to build an organisation that can thrive long-term. Removing waste is generally a “no-regret” option, however, it is possible to do much more.

*“As you navigate the challenges of today’s environment, don’t lose sight of the opportunities for tomorrow.”*

**Operating model thinking is an excellent approach to take.** An operating model is the sum of the parts of an organisation and how those parts work together. It incorporates all that you need to achieve your mission consistent with strategy, including structure, role design, technology, and process. Critically, operating model thinking is systems thinking, which recognises that changing just one part in isolation can have unexpected consequences. By considering the whole, rather than isolated factors, you can identify the system-level opportunities to institute powerful change.

### The fix for both waste and system problems usually involves multiple elements of the operating model

**What is an Operating Model?**

- An **Operating Model** is the combination of roles, skills, structures, processes, assets and technologies that allow any organisation to deliver on its service or product promises
- It is in effect the **way the business is set up to deliver VALUE** (both in terms of the customer and in terms of the business)
- The **aspirational view** of how the business is to be set up to deliver against future or changing markets, environment and technology demands is sometimes called the **Target Operating Model**



For example, changing your geographic footprint may represent an immediate cost saving, but it could also lead to negative customer reactions or erosion of key process dependencies whose reliance on the existing organisational structure was not immediately obvious. By taking a holistic view, you see the synergies and interdependencies and the overall pathways through which your organisation delivers value.

**Beginning with smaller changes – focused on the elimination of waste – can warm up your teams for action with some early successes.** This process may also reveal where you might need some additional capacity. As you liberate time from reduced waste, you can start to reinvest some of that capacity into deeper operating model change. For instance, waste may be removed from a process, but your next step might be to introduce intelligent automation, thus fundamentally changing the cost and capacity profile of that process.

### Adopting a Different Approach

The approaches to margin management have come a long way since the GFC. The challenge for leaders is to access what we now know about how to deal with difficulties, as an opportunity for deeper changes, which enhance longer term resilience.

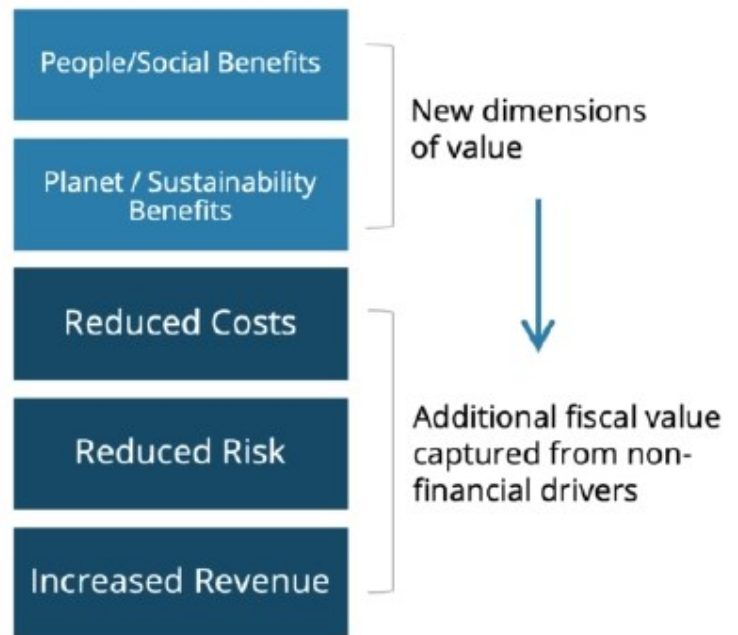
In a B2B context, definitions of value traditionally focus on the financial benefits (reduced costs, reduced risks, increased revenue opportunities) an offering provides. **But increasingly consumers and businesses are recognising sources of value in the areas of sustainability, quality of life, and making a positive social impact. While financial assessment of value remains critical, quantifying non-monetary value drivers will increasingly unlock new opportunities for value capture and differentiation.**

The triple-bottom-line model (Profit-People-Planet) is currently one of many well-known frameworks that can be employed for identifying and quantifying important non-monetary value drivers. While the 'Profit' component refers to the familiar financial impact of an offering, whilst the 'People' and 'Planet' components can help us systematically identify non-monetary factors.

## Profit Only Thinking



## Profit + Non-Monetary Thinking



The **'People' component** refers to the social impact of an offering. How does your offering contribute to the common good? An example would be enabling an increased time with patients in a medical setting.

The **'Planet' component** refers to the environmental impact of an offering. How does your offering contribute to environmental sustainability? A common example today would be implementing carbon emissions reductions in the business.

While incorporating non-monetary value drivers requires far more creativity and effort, there are many reasons to make this a part of your value quantification process.

### Benefits Of Improving Profit Margins

Improving the gross, operational and net profit margins is crucial for adding to business growth and financial health. Consider several more reasons why evaluating and improving profit margins is beneficial:

- **Adds to profitability:** Improving the profit margin can add to the bottom line of a company's income statement, indicating its ability to invest in business growth and ongoing activities.
- **Supports investment activities:** Improving lower profit margins can also benefit a business's ability to reinvest its revenues into growth and development, further adding to its total value.
- **Helps business owners evaluate risk:** Business owners can use profit margins to get an idea of how risky a certain business is for investing in, and how improvements to the profit margin can show them a specific business operation can have a lower investment risk.

### Additional Resources

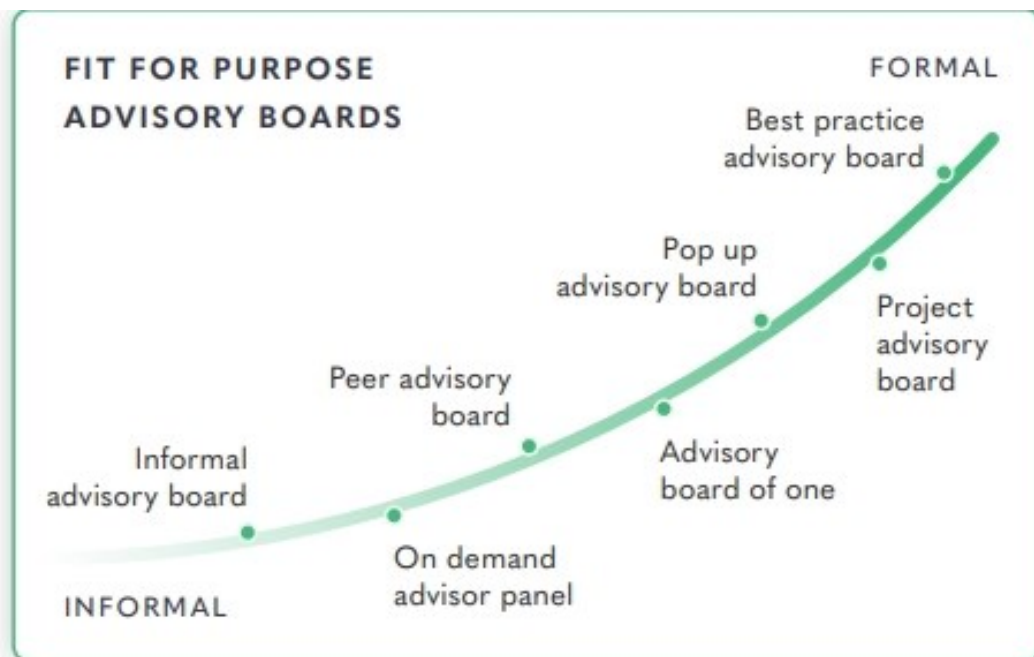
- For further information on **XeP3** go to [xep3.com](http://xep3.com)
- You can access an article by McKinsey & Co on **"What is Productivity?"** [HERE](#)
- You can access a detailed guide – **"Improving Business Performance,"** prepared by CPA Australia [HERE](#)
- An article – **"Seven Questions about ChatGPT Answered,"** can be accessed [HERE](#)
- A paper from Jedox – **"Preparing for the future: The power of Scenario Planning"** can be accessed [HERE](#)



Source: Advisory Board Centre’s 2023-2025 “State of the Market Report”

Today’s businesses operate in a complex and dynamic global environment where staying at the forefront of technological and cultural change is harder than ever before. Without access to the right knowledge and advice, even the most successful business has the potential to lose its footing and jeopardise its competitive advantage.

When a business is faced with a significant challenge or is venturing into uncharted territory, the support of an advisory board can be an invaluable asset. Let’s explore what an advisory board does and when an advisory board may be most beneficial for your business.



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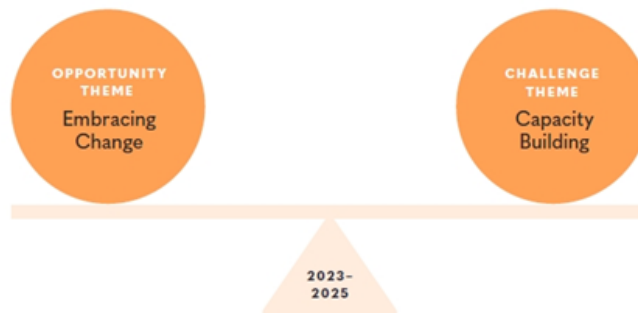
Source: Advisory Board Centre’s 2023-2025 “State of the Market Report”

## Where are Advisory Boards most Useful?



**Source:** Advisory Board Centre's 2023-2025 "State of the Market Report"

### 2023-2025 THEMES



**Source:** Advisory Board Centre's 2023-2025 "State of the Market Report"

## What Does an Advisory Board Do?

An advisory board is a structured collaborative method for organisations to engage external advisors. Collectively, an advisory board provides specialist or strategic advice to support organisations to solve a range of difficult or complex business problems.

Typically comprising a range of professionals with specialist knowledge or technical expertise, which is not currently available internally within the business, an advisory board provides a platform for business owners, executives or directors to easily access valuable advice which can be used to inform important business decisions. Usually meeting on a semi-regular basis several times per year, advisory boards are designed to support or complement the businesses existing corporate structure.



**Source:** Advisory Board Centre's 2023-2025 "State of the Market Report"



## When Would a Business Use an Advisory Board?

### FOUR BIG AMBITIONS

Advisory boards draw in entrepreneurs and owners with big ambitions who are looking for change and **where better never stops**.



**Source:** Advisory Board Centre's 2023-2025 "State of the Market Report"

Acting as a sounding board to workshop ideas with the wisdom, guidance and support of other more experienced professionals, an advisory board can be invaluable in helping a business navigate a range of situations that could present a major risk or opportunity for the business.

As a business evolves, the range of challenges it's likely to face can expand exponentially. Managing a business can be highly complex...from legal and financial compliance to growth, supply and logistics, technology, marketing, and sustainability.

While most business owners are well equipped to handle the day-to-day requirements of their business, many simply lack the specialist skills and knowledge required to successfully manage the range of more complex or challenging scenarios they may face. Beyond problem-solving alone, most businesses are also looking for ways to ensure their practices are up to scratch, challenge their way of thinking, and accelerate their strategy.

While an advisory board may not be suitable for every type of business, there are some common scenarios where an advisory board could be particularly valuable. These may include:

- **Growth of the business.**
- **Expansion into new markets.**
- **Organisational change and transformation.**
- **Handling a major crisis or critical incident.**
- **Navigating a business sale, exit or acquisition.**
- **Tackling a specific business problem.**



**Source:** Advisory Board Centre's 2023-2025 "State of the Market Report"

The decisions made when facing any of these scenarios have the potential to determine the ultimate success or failure of a business—by appointing an advisory board, the business is ensuring decision-makers have access to sound advice and guidance to help them approach and navigate any challenges from a confident and informed position.

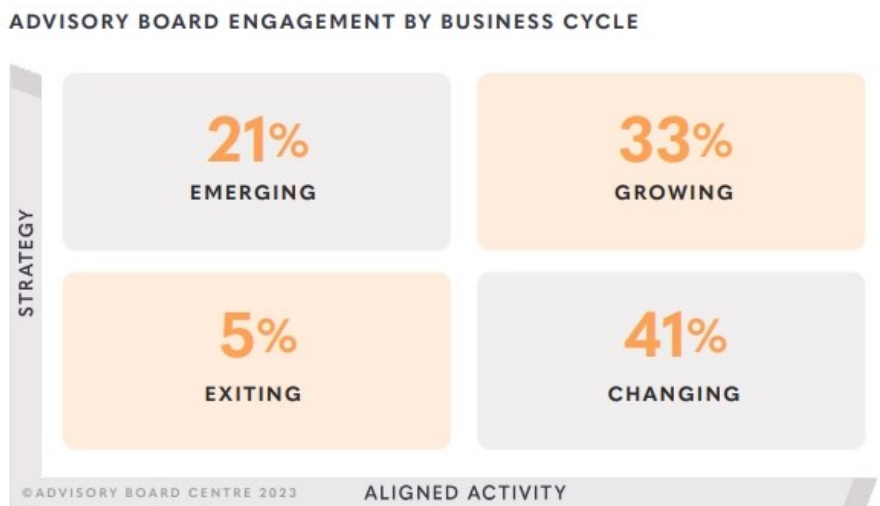
### Conclusion

Properly structured and run Advisory Boards can make a difference for relevant businesses, as shown by surveys done by the international Advisory Board Centre, as shown in the diagrams below.



Source: Advisory Board Centre’s 2023-2025 “State of the Market Report”

The most recent international data on the structure of advisory boards and the businesses using them are shown in the diagram below.



Source: Advisory Board Centre’s 2023-2025 “State of the Market Report”

#### BUSINESS ADVISORY BOARDS

**\$1.5m**

Most common advisory board starting point

**\$20m**

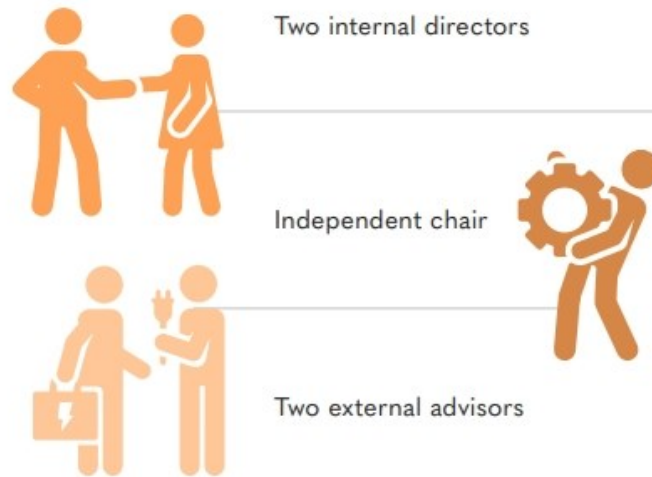
Average size of business with an advisory board

**\$40-70k**

For paid roles, annual investment in monthly meetings with chair and quarterly with full board

Source: Advisory Board Centre’s 2023-2025 “State of the Market Report”

## COMMON STRUCTURES



Source: Advisory Board Centre's 2023-2025 "State of the Market Report"

### Additional Resources

- A copy of the Advisory Board Centre's 2023-2025 "State of the Market Report – Understanding the depth and impact of the Advisory Board Sector" can be accessed [HERE](#)

## Business Essential Briefs: Leading Australian SMEs in 2023 and Beyond



A recent report produced by Thomson Reuters, provides some interesting insights into how small to medium sized businesses are navigating the current business and economic environment.

The whitepaper discusses approaches of some business sectors to the following thematic areas: -

- Backdrop of current market conditions and outlook
- Pricing strategies to drive business growth
- Skills shortage and talent retention stifling growth
- ESG for value creation and cost reduction
- Technology and automation

**Key practical takeaways for business are provided at the end of each of these topical themes in the report.**

**A copy of the full report – "Leading Australian SMEs in 2023's Changing Economy," can be accessed [HERE](#)**



The use of social media to positively promote a business has exploded in recent years. Although it is still shunned by some businesses for a variety of reasons. If that is the case, then perhaps it would be useful for business operators to be better informed on the possibilities that can really make a difference to a business.

A recent story about a small Australian manufacturing/retail business, that was on the brink of failure due to the lockdowns that had accompanied the pandemic, provides some useful insights. They embraced social media (driven by a next generation young family member in the business) to promote the business and product sales in a very effective manner. The result was this generated incredible brand/business awareness. This created a huge spike in demand for their products nationally and internationally, at unprecedented levels, with sustained permanent positive impacts for the business and their franchisees.

**If you are interested in understanding more about social media in the article “Social Media Marketing Guide 2023”, prepared by Business NZ, please access the link [HERE](#).**

**MYOB SME Business Monitor Report – June 2023**

A copy of the latest MYOB report, **providing useful information on Australian SME prospects for Revenue, Profitability, Business Pressure Points, Business Investment, Digital & Online adoption and Productivity Initiatives**, can be accessed [HERE](#)

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